§ 260.30

§ 260.30 Non-waste determinations and variances from classification as a solid waste.

In accordance with the standards and criteria in §260.31 and §260.34 and the procedures in §260.33, the Administrator may determine on a case-by-case basis that the following recycled materials are not solid wastes:

- (a) Materials that are accumulated speculatively without sufficient amounts being recycled (as defined in §261.1(c)(8) of this chapter);
- (b) Materials that are reclaimed and then reused within the original production process in which they were generated:
- (c) Materials that have been reclaimed but must be reclaimed further before the materials are completely recovered
- (d) Hazardous secondary materials that are reclaimed in a continuous industrial process; and
- (e) Hazardous secondary materials that are indistinguishable in all relevant aspects from a product or intermediate.

[50 FR 661, Jan. 4, 1985; 50 FR 14219, Apr. 11, 1985, as amended at 59 FR 48041, Sept. 19, 1994; 73 FR 64758, Oct. 30, 2008]

§ 260.31 Standards and criteria for variances from classification as a solid waste.

- (a) The Administrator may grant requests for a variance from classifying as a solid waste those materials that are accumulated speculatively without sufficient amounts being recycled if the applicant demonstrates that sufficient amounts of the material will be recycled or transferred for recycling in the following year. If a variance is granted, it is valid only for the following year, but can be renewed, on an annual basis, by filing a new application. The Administrator's decision will be based on the following criteria:
- (1) The manner in which the material is expected to be recycled, when the material is expected to be recycled, and whether this expected disposition is likely to occur (for example, because of past practice, market factors, the nature of the material, or contractual arrangements for recycling);
- (2) The reason that the applicant has accumulated the material for one or

more years without recycling 75 percent of the volume accumulated at the beginning of the year;

- (3) The quantity of material already accumulated and the quantity expected to be generated and accumulated before the material is recycled:
- (4) The extent to which the material is handled to minimize loss;
 - (5) Other relevant factors.
- (b) The Administrator may grant requests for a variance from classifying as a solid waste those materials that are reclaimed and then reused as feedstock within the original production process in which the materials were generated if the reclamation operation is an essential part of the production process. This determination will be based on the following criteria:
- (1) How economically viable the production process would be if it were to use virgin materials, rather than reclaimed materials:
- (2) The extent to which the material is handled before reclamation to minimize loss:
- (3) The time periods between generating the material and its reclamation, and between reclamation and return to the original primary production process:
- (4) The location of the reclamation operation in relation to the production process;
- (5) Whether the reclaimed material is used for the purpose for which it was originally produced when it is returned to the original process, and whether it is returned to the process in substantially its original form;
- (6) Whether the person who generates the material also reclaims it;
- (7) Other relevant factors.
- (c) The Regional Administrator may grant requests for a variance from classifying as a solid waste those materials that have been reclaimed but must be reclaimed further before recovery is completed if, after initial reclamation, the resulting material is commodity-like (even though it is not yet a commercial product, and has to be reclaimed further). This determination will be based on the following factors:
- (1) The degree of processing the material has undergone and the degree of further processing that is required;

Environmental Protection Agency

- (2) The value of the material after it has been reclaimed;
- (3) The degree to which the reclaimed material is like an analogous raw material:
- (4) The extent to which an end market for the reclaimed material is guaranteed:
- (5) The extent to which the reclaimed material is handled to minimize loss;
 - (6) Other relevant factors.

[50 FR 662, Jan. 4, 1985, as amended at 59 FR 48041, Sept. 19, 1994; 71 FR 16902, Apr. 4, 2006]

§ 260.32 Variances to be classified as a boiler.

In accordance with the standards and criteria in §260.10 (definition of "boiler"), and the procedures in §260.33, the Administrator may determine on a case-by-case basis that certain enclosed devices using controlled flame combustion are boilers, even though they do not otherwise meet the definition of boiler contained in §260.10, after considering the following criteria:

- (a) The extent to which the unit has provisions for recovering and exporting thermal energy in the form of steam, heated fluids, or heated gases; and
- (b) The extent to which the combustion chamber and energy recovery equipment are of integral design; and
- (c) The efficiency of energy recovery, calculated in terms of the recovered energy compared with the thermal value of the fuel; and
- (d) The extent to which exported energy is utilized; and
- (e) The extent to which the device is in common and customary use as a "boiler" functioning primarily to produce steam, heated fluids, or heated gases; and
 - (f) Other factors, as appropriate.

 $[50 \ \mathrm{FR} \ 662, \ \mathrm{Jan.} \ 4, \ 1985, \ \mathrm{as} \ \mathrm{amended} \ \mathrm{at} \ 59 \ \mathrm{FR} \ 48041, \ \mathrm{Sept.} \ 19, \ 1994]$

§ 260.33 Procedures for variances from classification as a solid waste, for variances to be classified as a boiler, or for non-waste determinations.

The Administrator will use the following procedures in evaluating applications for variances from classification as a solid waste, applications to classify particular enclosed controlled flame combustion devices as boilers, or

applications for non-waste determinations.

- (a) The applicant must apply to the Administrator for the variance or non-waste determination. The application must address the relevant criteria contained in §260.31, §260.32, or §260.34, as applicable.
- (b) The Administrator will evaluate the application and issue a draft notice tentatively granting or denying the application. Notification of this tentative decision will be provided by newspaper advertisement or radio broadcast in the locality where the recycler is located. The Administrator will accept comment on the tentative decision for 30 days, and may also hold a public hearing upon request or at his discretion. The Administrator will issue a final decision after receipt of comments and after the hearing (if any).
- (c) For non-waste determinations, in the event of a change in circumstances that affect how a hazardous secondary material meets the relevant criteria contained in §260.34 upon which a non-waste determination has been based, the applicant must re-apply to the Administrator for a formal determination that the hazardous secondary material continues to meet the relevant criteria and therefore is not a solid waste.

[59 FR 48041, Sept. 19, 1994, as amended at 73 FR 64758, Oct. 30, 2008]

§ 260.34 Standards and criteria for non-waste determinations.

- (a) An applicant may apply to the Administrator for a formal determination that a hazardous secondary material is not discarded and therefore not a solid waste. The determinations will be based on the criteria contained in paragraphs (b) or (c) of this section, as applicable. If an application is denied, the hazardous secondary material might still be eligible for a solid waste variance or exclusion (for example, one of the solid waste variances under §260.31). Determinations may also be granted by the State if the State is either authorized for this provision or if the following conditions are met:
- (1) The State determines the hazardous secondary material meets the criteria in paragraphs (b) or (c) of this section, as applicable;